



# **Impact of Globalization on Contemporary Muslim Societies**

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- “I believe that globalization has the potential to bring enormous benefits to those in both the developing and the developed world. But the evidence is overwhelming that it has failed to live up to this potential .....Economics has been driving globalization .... But politics has shaped it.
- The rules of the game have been largely set by the advanced countries and particularly by special interest within those countries- and not surprisingly, they have shaped globalization to further their own interests.
- They have not sought to create a fair set of rules, let alone a set of rules that would promote the well- being of those in the poorest countries of the world.”

# Table 1

## World Macroeconomic in Equalities

Region	(millions) Total Populations	(million) Total GDP	Per Capita GDP	% in World Pop	% in World GDP
World	6692	60,587,016	8613	-----	-----
Low Income	973	568,504	504	14.5	0.94
High Income	1069	43,189,942	39345	15.9	71.3
MENA	325	1,117,198	3242	4.8	1.84
Malaysia	27	194927	6970	0.4	0.32
Muslims	1750	3,391,900	1938	26	5.6

Source: World Bank: World Development Report 2010

## Table 2 Global Transactions

Region	Exports	Imports	FDI	Share of Export in World Total	Share in Total FDI	Share of High Tech in Manf. Exports	Share of Imports in World Total
World	16,129,607	16,300,527	2,139,338	-----	-----	18	-----
Low Income	167,708	239,464	19,975	1.04	0.93	4	1.47
High Income	11,060,159	11,522,679	1,617,642	68.60	75.61	18	70.7
MENA	418,183	315,621	28,905	2.60	1.35	4	1.90
Malaysia	199,516	156,896	8,456	1.24	0.40	52	0.96
Muslims	1,699,092	1,234,610	114,122	10.53	5.33	3.5	7.80

Source: World Bank: World Development Report 2010

**Table 3**  
**Poverty in Muslim Countries**

Country	Per Capita \$ Income	Share of Poorest 10%	Share of Richest 10%	Population below \$ 2 a day
Niger	294	2.3	35.9	91.5
Chad	658	2.6	30.8	61.9
Senegal	900	2.5	30.1	71.3
Nigeria	1,118	2.0	32.4	86.4
Bangladesh	431	4.3	26.6	85.4
Pakistan	879	3.9	26.5	73.9
Morocco	2,434	2.7	33.2	40.3
Egypt	1,729	3.9	27.6	19.3
Indonesia	1,918	3.0	23.3	-----
Malaysia	7,033	2.6	28.5	6.8
Muslims	1,938	3.6	37.2	42.5

Source: World Bank: World Development Report 2010

**Table 4**  
**Human Development Index: Selected Muslim Countries**

Country	HDI	Life Expectancy	Adult Literacy	Education Index
Norway	0.971	80.5	-----	0.989
Niger	0.340	50.8	28.7	0.282
Afghanistan	0.352	43.6	28.0	0.354
Chad	0.392	48.6	31.8	0.334
Nigeria	0.511	47.7	72.0	0.657
Bangladesh	0.543	65.7	53.5	0.530
Pakistan	0.572	54.2	66.2	0.492
Morocco	0.654	71.0	55.6	0.574
Egypt	0.703	69.9	66.4	0.697
Indonesia	0.734	70.5	92.0	0.840
Malaysia	0.829	74.1	91.9	0.851
World	0.753	67.5	83.9	0.784
OECD	0.932	79.0	-----	-----
Muslim	0.650	57.0	66.0	-----

Source: United Nation Human Development Report 2009

## Table 5

### Status of Human Development in the Muslim World


	Total Income	Total Population	% Share in Total Income	% Share in Population
Very High Human Development	328.1	14.6	9.36	1.08
High Human Development	1463.4	156.7	41.75	11.64
Medium Human Development	1672.1	1076.9	47.7	80.01
Low Human Development	41.4	97.8	1.12	7.27
Very High & High Human Development	1791.5	171.3	51.11	12.73

Source: United Nations Human Development Report 2009

# Balance Sheet of Globalization

Good For	Bad For
Japan , Europe, N. America, East & South-East .Asia	Many Developing Countries, Africa
Output	Employment
People with Assets	People without Assets
Profits	Wages
People with high Skills	People with few Skills
The Educated	The uneducated
Professional, managerial & technical people	Workers
Flexible adjusters	Rigid adjusters
Creditors	Debtors
These independent of public services	Those dependent on public services
Large firms	Small Firms
Men	Women, Children
The Strong	The weak
Risk Taker	Human security
Global Markets	Local Communities
Sellers of technologically sophisticated products	Sellers of primary & standard manufactured products

Source: Paul Streeten, "Globalization:Threat or Salvation"

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- Political Challenge
  - Economic Challenge
  - Technological Challenge
  - Civilizational Challenge
  - Knowledge and Information
  - Moral Challenge